BEFORE THE WEST VIRGINIA SURFACE MINE BOARD

BO WEBB, ROB GOODWIN, DEBRA JARRELL, AMBER WHITTINGTON,

Appellants,

v.

Appeal Nos. 2011-12-SMB 2011-13-SMB 2011-14-SMB 2011-15-SMB

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION,

Appellee,

and

MARFORK COAL COMPANY,

Intervenor.

This is a transcript of the proceedings held pursuant to notice in the above-styled matter on the 9th day of May, 2012, beginning at 8:32 a.m., before the West Virginia Surface Mine Board, at the offices of the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, 601 57th Street, Charleston, Kanawha County, West Virginia.



RECEIVED Surface Mine Board JUN 0 5 2012

APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the Appellants:

THOMAS A. RIST, ESQUIRE Rist Law Offices, LC 103 Fayette Avenue Fayetteville, West Virginia 25840

On behalf of the Appellee:

JOSEPH JENKINS, ESQUIRE WV Department of Environmental Protection Office of Legal Services 601 57th Street Charleston, West Virginia 25304

On behalf of the Intervenor:

SHANE HARVEY, ESQUIRE Jackson Kelly, PLLC 1600 Laidley Tower P.O. Box 553 Charleston, West Virginia 25322

Members of the Surface Mine Board:

ED GRAFTON, Vice-Chairman HENRY RAUCH, Member JON BLAIR HUNTER, Member JAMES SMITH, Member RON CRITES, Member

ALSO PRESENT: Wendy Radcliff, Legal Counsel

	I	N	D	E	Х
--	---	---	---	---	---

Witnesses	Examination by	Page No.
Appellants'		
Rob Goodwin	Mr. Rist Mr. Jenkins Mr. Harvey	19 & 38 24 & 41 27 & 43
Keith Porterfield	Mr. Rist Mr. Harvey	46 & 59 54
Jack Spadaro	Mr. Rist Mr. Jenkins	64 70
Bo Webb	Mr. Rist Mr. Jenkins Mr. Harvey	86 96 99
DEP's		
Rob Goodwin	Mr. Jenkins Mr. Harvey Mr. Rist	103 111 113
Keith Porterfield	Mr. Jenkins Mr. Rist	114 & 125 117 & 126
Thomas Wood	Mr. Jenkins Mr. Rist	134 150
Intervenor's		

(None)

INDEX

<u>Exhibits</u>	Marked	Admitted
Appellants'		
Exhibit Number 1 (Withdrew, Page 85)	53	
DEP's		
Exhibit Number 1	137	157
Exhibit Number 2	138	157
Exhibit Number 3	139	157 ·
Exhibits Numbers 4 & 5	149	157
Intervenor's		
Exhibit Number 1	29	157

Reporter's Certificate......177

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING

PROCEEDINGS

2

(8:32 a.m.)

3

4

5

6

7 8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Good morning. My name is Ed Grafton, vice-chairman of the Surface Mine Board. At this time, I'd ask you to turn off all your cell phones and electronic devices because they interfere with the court reporter's recording. other members of the Board present today are: Jim Smith to my far left, Jon Hunter, Henry Rauch and Don Michael to my right. Our legal counsel is Wendy Radcliff, who is to my left, and our clerk is Fran Ryan, who is sitting in the back.

We're here to hear evidence in the case of Webb, Goodwin, Jarrell, Whittington versus Tom Clarke, Director of Division of Mining and Reclamation, Department of Environmental Protection, and Marfork Coal Company. Appeals Number 2012 -- 12, 13, 14 and 15 before the Surface Mine Board, SMB. These are the -- we have consolidated all of these appeal into one.

Would counsel representing each party identify themselves for the record, please?

MR. RIST: Tom Rist for the Appellants, who are all here. I'm sorry. Three of them are here.

24

morning, folks.

1 No, all four of them are here in person. 2 CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Thank you. 3 MR. JENKINS: Joseph Jenkins for the DEP, and Scott Driver, also with the DEP. 4 5 MR. HARVEY: Shane Harvey with Jackson Kelly representing Marfork. With me is Nick Johnson, 6 7 in-house counsel at Alpha, Marfork's parent company. I also have Bob Whitten with Alpha. Alpha is here --8 9 with us here today, as well. 10 CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Thank you. The 11 certified record has been presented and will be a part of this evidence in this case. Do we have any 12 13 questions before we proceed? 14 MR. RIST: No, sir. 15 MS. RADCLIFF: Just for the record, the Chairman, Mark Schuerger, is an employee of Alpha, has 16 17 recused himself from hearing any discussion about this case, which is why he is not here. 18 19 CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Okay. We're now going 20 to offer each of the representatives to make a brief 21 opening statement, starting with Mr. Rist. 22 MR. RIST: Sure. Thank you.

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING 1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526 (304) 757-8367

Well, I guess you have to have us here since we filed

Thanks for having us here again.

an appeal, but nice to see you all.

I think this case is pretty simple, pretty straightforward, actually. One is the -- you guys received four separate appeals, the same permit, and as Mr. Grafton said, this has all been combined into one. And I think for today to simplify things and kind of get to the point, there is two things we are looking at. One is the DEP failed to follow the West Virginia Code requiring an informal conference to be held within three weeks of the close of the comment period in this case. The end of the comment period was April 2008 -- I'm sorry -- June of 2008.

According to the certified record, the informal conference wasn't until three years later.

And if we can't follow the West Virginia statutes and the West Virginia code in looking at these permits from the perspective of the citizens, what are we supposed to follow?

The second issue are the health effects. And here the impacts of this permit in this area in the Coal River are substantial and there is a number of reports that have come out in the last couple of years that support our allegation that the DEP has failed to look at the health impacts of this permit,

and the DEP is required to do that.

It is the absolute first thing in the West Virginia code dealing with the establishment of the DEP, and that's something they're supposed to look at. I don't think that's been done effectively in this permit. So we're asking you guys to basically deny the permit, stop the mining. This has to be done correctly and follow West Virginia code and move forward.

And this should be shorter than the last time I was in front of you. I'm sure you guys will all be happy to hear. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Thank you. Mr. Jenkins?

MR. JENKINS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Just briefly and this may be just colloquy between Mr.

Rist and I. Are you asserting anymore with regards to the topsoil variance or is that an issue you dropped?

MR. RIST: No, we're not going to proceed with that I think to simply things, which may end up meaning Ms. White can go back to work.

MR. JENKINS: Okay. Well, I appreciate it, Mr. Rist. With that down then, then I will address the two issues that Mr. Rist had raised.

He's correct, we didn't follow the Code to a tee with regards to public comment. In fact, the way the system is set up, this has been a problem for several years. This Board is well aware we've run into this issue before given the way that the time frames are set with regards to informal conferences, public comment and when we have to issue permits.

Prior hearings have stated I believe at one time Logan never met the time frame 60 percent of the time, and that was several years ago, but it's still the same situation that is ongoing. And Mr. Wood and Mr. Porterfield may also touch on some of those issues where this has been ongoing.

However, this Board has also recognized that there hasn't been any prejudice to the public within issuing this permit. And even though we failed to follow the law technically, the spirit of the law was still met.

And what has happened in this situation is that after -- and let me back up to kind of explain how things work. There is a difference between what a permit is administratively complete, meaning that it just has all the parts that it needs to be, versus technically complete, meaning it has all the

information that we need to make a knowledgeable and legally reasonable decision on that permit, whether to accept it, deny it, or whatnot.

And those two differences are what causes this time frame issue, because once it's administratively complete it gets published and then the 30-day public comment -- written public comment period starts.

And I say specifically the written public comment period because there is — the one thing that someone gains by submitting a written comment during that 30-day period is an official response from the DEP and request by the DEP for the company to respond to those comments.

Otherwise, comments can be submitted at any time and our permit reviewers place that in the permit file and take those into consideration. Just because it's not officially during the 30-day period doesn't mean that we ignore the comments and File 13 them. They are placed in the permit and we review them.

There is no prejudice in this situation because when this was administratively complete back in mid of 2008 and the public comment period started,

4 5

this permit was over 800 acres, several valley fills, and it's been pared down significantly in the time that the permit was issued from that time. I believe it's only a third of the initial size.

And so when the informal conference was actually held I believe last spring or actually last fall -- I don't know off the top of my head -- but when the informal conference was actually held the public had a chance to review and comment on what the permit really looked like, not what it was administratively complete, because during that review and we knew it became technically complete, it became more what the type of permit we issued. And so there is no prejudice because they actually saw more.

If we would have held the informal conference within 30 days, the public would have commented on a permit that looks nothing like it does when it was issued because of the way that the review worked.

Additionally, there was another public comment period published and a 10-day written public comment period of approximately a month or two after the informal conference. And so there was an even an additional public comment period after the fact that

they had an additional opportunity to comment.

I believe this happened -- occurred when Alpha had taken over the Massey property and so there is a change of ownership and then it opened it back up to public comment to where everyone -- it was published in the newspaper, it's in the certified record, and it was placed in the courthouse. And so the permit was out there.

And, again, everyone has an opportunity to submit comments, and the public submitted comments at the informal conference here. So the public had the opportunity to review a permit, review the permit that is even more similar to what was issued and knowledgeably comment on that.

Again, the comments would have been for a permit that looks nothing like it does today if we followed that technical aspect of it.

And so I believe, based on the prior Board's rulings, that we can show that there was no prejudice, that the public -- that we met the spirit of the law, that the public had the opportunity to comment and to review this permit.

As to the health effects, there are studies out there. The DEP acknowledges that. But

none of those studies have shown a causative effect.

We need to know what we need to regulate, not just mining, not just AEP's power plant. We need to know -- and that is how all environmental regulations are

5 set up.

Keith will explain in terms of -- an example, selenium. This Board should be well aware of selenium. It finally became regulated when there was a causative effect between selenium and aquatic life. We developed parameters and set those parameters in the permit, and that's how we regulate things.

With the mining -- with these studies, they don't pinpoint any particular type of mining, any particular element, any type of parameter, or anything that can point to these health studies. It's just a correlated effect.

There has even been a recent review of a lot of these studies and other things saying that not only there may be something with regards to coal mining, but there is several other factors that weren't taken into account in these other public health studies. And so we have appropriately addressed that.

And when there is scientific studies out

there pinpointing what parameter we need to set a standard for to govern, then that's how the process works, not just because there is a correlated effect. There needs to be causation, and to have causation we have to have specifically what we can regulate.

Now, in terms of public health -- and I don't know. This may have been more of a preliminary thing. It's our understanding that Mr. Rist's only expert is going to be Mr. Spadaro. He is not a qualified public health expert, maybe mine planning and things of that nature. But he is not a medical doctor. He's not a master in public health or an epidemiologist or any other person that's experienced enough to testify to these studies, to testify to public health studies.

Furthermore, the entrance of studies without the authors here for proper cross-examination is inappropriate, and it doesn't meet the basic foundational rules of evidence.

And so to the extent possible, we would move to exclude any evidence on the public health just because we don't think there is a proper expert or witnesses here to adequately testify to that effect.

But, again, I believe we have addressed

it. We've addressed it as best as we can within the regulatory framework with what we were given, what we are allowed to do, and I believe we can show it. Thank you.

MR. HARVEY: Thanks for your time this morning. I think a little bit of context is in order. This is a good project. I don't know if the Board has had a chance to look through the certified record in much detail. But this is an old unreclaimed mine site. Marfork will remine this old mine site that was never reclaimed. In the process it will reclaim the site, it will eliminate hundreds of feet of highwall and along the way it will employ about 50 people. It's the type of win-win project that everybody should be in favor of.

The only people who oppose it are the Appellants. I understand it now that they list two reasons. The first is the timing with the informal conference. These permitting deadlines in the statutes and regs are primarily for the operator's benefit. They make sure that the permit moves along through the common process, it doesn't wait in the queue forever, and then it gets issued.

There was no prejudice to the Appellants

from the delay. As Mr. Jenkins mentioned, this project was downsized during the delay. It went from around 700 acres to 200 acres. So from the Appellants' perspective, I would imagine they would concede that is a good thing.

They were able to comment, as Mr. Jenkins mentioned, during the informal conference. There was simply no prejudice to their rights. Everything happened as if it did if the permit deadlines were followed.

And this Board may remember that there have been cases in the past where this Board has recognized that failure to follow these permit deadlines are not fatal as long as the Appellants were not prejudiced, and we think it's pretty clear here in this case they were not.

The second issue relates to health studies. We agree with Mr. Jenkins. I'm not sure how they plan to present evidence about those health studies. They are hearsay.

As I understand it, they rely on the studies of Dr. Hendryx from WVU. He is not here today for us to cross-examine. The only case I know in which he was called as an expert there was an effort

to inquire about his studies and dig deeper into his findings and he withdrew as an expert. There has been no opportunity to challenge his findings and we don't have that opportunity here today.

It's simply hearsay and we don't see how they are able to get that evidence before this Board without substantial prejudice to DEP and to Marfork.

Secondly, even if you looked at Dr.

Hendryx studies, it's important to note -- and I think

Mr. Jenkins touched upon this -- they do not say that

mining causes health impacts. What Dr. Hendryx had

said is there some statistical association between

mining and health impacts that needs to be explored

further.

He has conceded that mining does not cause these impacts, only that they need to have further study. That is the basis of his studies. We don't dispute that, but we think that's nothing that this Board can do anything about.

This Board can look at causes if this project would cause some health impact. This Board could do something about that, but there will be no evidence of that here today. So we think for that reason the permit should be issued. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Okay. We're ready to proceed with your case.

MR. RIST: Sure. Thanks. For clarification, I don't know if this would help, but it sounded to me like the DEP and Alpha would be willing to stipulate that they missed the deadlines on the informal conference, and I don't know if they want us to lay that on the record. If they will stipulate that that violated 22-3-20 that kind of eliminates me to even call witnesses to point in the certified record where things are. I'm not sure if that's appropriate. I mean, if they just want me to call witnesses, I'll do it.

MR. JENKINS: I mean, yeah. I mean, we can't argue that we didn't meet the technical deadline of 22-3-20 and the associated regulations. We just can't. However, I think Mr. Wood -- or Mr. Rist still needs to put on evidence that the public or his clients were prejudiced by that failure. So to say that, you know, "Oh, we're done. We win," I don't think that's appropriate.

MR. HARVEY: I agree. We stipulate that the informal conference was not held within three weeks of the close of the public comment period, but

1 this Board's prior decisions have found that it is not 2 fatal unless there is some prejudice. I think he does 3 need to show that to prevail. 4 MS. RADCLIFF: So, in essence, you don't 5 need to have a witness say that when the -- you know 6 -- to point what's already in the record. 7 established that it was three weeks after the comment 8 period. However, you need to do with your witnesses 9 what you think is best. 10 MR. RIST: Right. Thank you. I'll call 11 Rob Goodwin, please. 12 (Witness sworn.) 13 THEREUPON came 14 ROB GOODWIN, 15 the Appellant herein, called as a witness on his own 16 behalf, and having been first duly sworn according to 17 law, testified as follows: 18 DIRECT EXAMINATION 19 BY MR. RIST: 20 Q State your name for the record, sir. 21 Rob Goodwin. Д 22 Q What do you do for a living? 23 Α I am an employee of Coal River Mountain 24 Watch.

1	Q And in case the Board doesn't know, what
2	does Coal River Mountain Watch do?
3	A Coal River Mountain Watch is a citizens
4	group located in Naoma, West Virginia, and my job is
5	to assist citizens with dealing with agencies and
6	mine permits.
7	Q Are you familiar at with the permit that
8	is at issue in this case? It is Surface Mine Permit
9	S300208 issued to Marfork Coal Company?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Have you had a chance to review the
12	certified record?
13	A Yes.
14	Q How did you get a copy of the record?
15	A It was mailed to Coal River Mountain
16	Watch's address by the Surface Mine Board.
17	Q In your position at Coal River Mountain
18	Watch, you said that you helped citizens in doing
19	tell me that again.
20	A Citizens you know if they have
21	questions about, you know, permits, they need to find
22	the appropriate contact within the Agency, and those
23	sorts of things.
24	Q So if a citizen was trying to get

Α

Yes.

1 information about a permit or to possibly voice 2 concern about a permit, would you provide them 3 information? 4 Д Yes. 5 What do you rely on to provide 6 information to citizens of West Virginia about these 7 permits? 8 Α A combination of the federal Surface Mine 9 and Reclamation Control Act, the West Virginia Code 10 and DEP's internal memorandums. 11 0 And when you're providing information to 12 the citizens of West Virginia regarding time frames 13 and things like that, do you rely on the West Virginia 14 Code for that, as well? 15 Yes. 16 Q In the present case we're dealing with, 17 my understanding is there were several people that had 18 sent letters to the DEP voicing concern; is that 19 correct? 20 Α Yes. 21 Q Do you have any idea of whether someone 22 from Coal River Mountain Watch sent a letter to the 23 DEP? 24

I believe two employees of Coal

1	River Mountain Watch requested an informal conference,
2	and at least one of them requested an information
3	gathering inspection before that informal conference.
4	Q Who were the two people that did that?
5	A It would have been Matthew Noerpel and
6	Vernon Haltom in about June of 2008.
7	MR. RIST: May I approach the witness?
8	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Sure.
9	MR. RIST: I'm going to hand you a copy
10	of the certified record in this case and I am going to
11	direct you and counsel to page 168 of the certified
12	record.
13	(Witness examines document.)
14	BY MR. RIST:
15	Q What is that you're looking at there?
16	A This is a letter written by Matt Noerpel
17	regarding his concerns about the Collins Fork
18	Remediation Project permit.
19	Q The permit we're here looking at today?
20	A Yes.
21	Q What was the date that is stamped on
22	there that was received by the DEP?
23	A June 19th, 2008.
24	Q If you flip to page 170 of the certified
- 11	

1	record
2	A Yes.
3	Q what is that?
4	A This is a similar letter from Vernon
5	Haltom requesting an informal conference which was
6	received on June 23rd, 2008, and he also requests a
7	site visit to the proposed permit area for information
8	gathering to the informal conference.
9	Q Do you have any idea when the end of the
10	comment period was for this permit we're dealing with?
11	A It says 6/19/08.
12	Q Do you have any idea when the informal
13	hearing was held in this matter?
14	A It was held on I believe it was August
15	4th, 2011, or 8th, 2011. It was the first week of
16	August 2011.
17	Q In your review of the record in this case
18	and the permit, what area of that record deals with
19	the health impacts of the mining that's supposed to
20	take place in this area under the permit?
21	A There doesn't appear to be any designated
22	section that mentions anything about health impacts of
23	the operation.
24	Q So you couldn't locate that anywhere in

1	the record laying in front of you?
2	A No statements related to impacts to
3	health were in the record.
4	MR. RIST: I don't have any other
5	questions for this witness.
6	MS. RADCLIFF: Mr. Jenkins.
7	MR. JENKINS: Thank you.
8	CROSS-EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. JENKINS:
10	Q Mr. Goodwin, did you attend the August
11	2011 hearing?
12	A Yes, I did.
13	Q Did you make comments on this permit?
14	A I did. However, my comments were
15	severely limited as, you know, a full review of the
16	current application was not available at the
17	courthouse and no inspection was allowed given that
18	the comment period for requesting that inspection had
19	expired three years prior.
20	Q Did you try to go to the DEP to look at
21	the permit?
22	A I reviewed a copy of the permit at the
23	DEP. However, it was a copy that included voided
24	you know voided sections and it was extremely hard

1 to decipher what the permit was actually -- you know 2 -- what the final clean copy of the permit was. 3 was my recollection. 4 Q So you would prefer prior information not 5 be there to compare the differences? 6 It was not clear as -- it just was not 7 clear as far as, you know, what the final product was. 8 It was just, you know, all in one folder. It was not, 9 you know, condensed into one place. But that could 10 have -- you know. 11 0 Were you aware that an additional comment 12 period was published in September? 13 Α I was not. 14 Do you regularly read the local papers 15 down there to find notices? 16 Α But I primarily rely on the DEP's 17 email, public notice system. However, I would have 18 expected that given the comments submitted and the 19 interest of the organization that Coal River Mountain 20 Watch would have been notified of that comment period. 21 However, they were not. 22 Q Explain to me how your comments were 23 limited at the informal conference. 24 Α I could not go to the courthouse which I

1 ha 2 o: 3 in 4 be 5 an 6 es 7 cc 8 ta

have found is the best way to get, you know, an official copy of the permit as it is. And also an information gathering exercise was not conducted because we could not request one because there was not an open comment period to do so, which I think is essentially to providing substantial technical comments that will actually be, you know, specifically taken into consideration by the permit supervisor.

Q What do you believe a site visit would have provided you?

A Separate -- you know -- we would have looked at the soils there on site and worked with the company and DEP on the reclamation plan which we did -- I think, you know, successfully do on, you know, a permit on the other side of the mountain. You know, we made improvements to that permit after the inspection and through the renewal process.

We would have looked at the water quality. We would have been able to pinpoint any potential, you know, sources of, you know, pollution or issues that -- you know -- from the permit. How the permit would affect surrounding areas.

Q Wouldn't all of that information be in the permit or prior -- or other water quality data in

1 | the area?

A We would not -- it's -- no. There is nothing that replaces being there on site and doing your own inspection, as I think, you know, there is a duty of citizens interested in the area to be able to check that information given what they have from, you know, knowing the geographic area and being there.

Q Are you aware that site visits for citizens in not mandatory but is discretionary?

A I believe that a site visit is, you know, essentially mandatory, but I'm not a lawyer.

MR. JENKINS: That's all I have. Thank you, Mr. Goodwin.

CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Mr. Harvey?

MR. HARVEY: Yes.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. HARVEY:

Q As I understand it, Mr. Goodwin -- Godwin or Goodwin? I'm sorry. Is your name Godwin or Goodwin? Which is it?

A Goodwin.

Q I'm sorry. Your complaint is that the informal conference was not held back in 2008 within three weeks of the --

A My complaint is more that a 30-day comment period was not reopened once the final application that went to the informal conference, and so -- you know -- and I did send correspondence regarding the process to DEP, you know, about the process, and I believe I requested that -- I'm not one hundred percent sure. I could -- the documents are here somewhere. -- that, you know, the comment period be reopened.

Q But as I understand it from listening to your attorney, you're claiming there was a violation of law because the informal comment period closed -- or rather the public comment period closed in 2008 and the informal conference wasn't held within three weeks; is that correct?

A That's correct, yes.

Q Okay. When that happened in 2008, did you contact anybody at DEP to complain that the timing requirements weren't met?

A We were under the assumption that taken the time that it would be readvertised before an informal conference as we did not hear back regarding the inspection request. We did not hear back regarding the comment.

1	Q But you didn't contact anybody and say,
2	"The deadline has run. Where is our informal
3	conference"?
4	A We raised objections about the process
5	and we found out that the informal conference was
6	going to be scheduled without reopening the comment
7	period.
8	Q In 2011?
9	A Yes.
10	Q Okay. You didn't complain in 2008?
11	A We were under the assumption that it
12	would be readvertised because of the changes that were
13	being made to the permit.
14	Q Did you make any complaints in 2009 after
15	a year had gone by and no informal conference?
16	A The permit was still in review and there
17	was no complete application.
18	Q You say you're employed at Coal River
19	Mountain Watch, correct?
20	A Yes.
21	MR. HARVEY: I'd like to have this marked
22	as Intervenor's Exhibit 1, please.
23	(WHEREUPON, Intervenor's Exhibit Number 1
24	was marked for purposes of identification.)

1 BY MR. HARVEY: 2 0 Does Coal River Mountain Watch have a 3 website, Mr. Goodwin? 4 Α Yes, they do. 5 Q Does it inform people who may visit that 6 website on how to challenge permits? 7 Α Generally. 8 Q The document marked as Intervenor's 9 Exhibit Number 1, if you go to the third page, has a 10 page called "If a Permit Might Impact You...What to do 11 and who to call in West Virginia." Do you see that? 12 Α Yes. 13 Q That's a document created and published 14 by Coal River Mountain Watch, correct? 15 Actually, I believe we -- I'm not one 16 hundred percent sure whether Coal River Mountain Watch 17 created it. Yes, we posted that. It's possible that 18 may have come from the DEP at one time. I'm not one 19 hundred percent sure. 20 0 Okay. If you look at the second page 21 under Number 4, it says, "Contact Coal River Mountain 22 Watch"? 23 Α Right. So that would have been added, 24 yes.

1 Q That's probably not DEP's document, 2 right? 3 Α I was just looking at the front page 4 here. It looked like it was modified from the -- may 5 be a DEP document. 6 So this document tells folks what to do 7 if they want to challenge a permit, correct? 8 Α Yes. 9 And Number 1 says, "Make your concern 0 10 official." "Write and call the DEP, " correct? 11 А Yes. 12 "Tell them what you think about the 13 permit." You did that correct? 14 А Yes 15 MR. RIST: I'm going to object to this 16 line of questioning because it has nothing to do with 17 whether or not the respondents in this case followed 18 West Virginia law regarding the comment period. 19 asking questions of someone about whether they're 20 calling -- something that they posted on their website 21 is just not relevant. 22 MR. HARVEY: I think the issue is whether 23 Coal River Mountain Watch or Mr. Goodwin has been 24 prejudiced by the failure to follow the timelines. Му

1 point is everything that they recommend a citizen to 2 do to challenge a permit was done here. They were 3 able to do everything that they recommend be done in a 4 permit challenge. They followed all the steps and 5 their own guidance. 6 CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: I think you probably 7 ought to hold this -- limit it as possible. 8 MR. HARVEY: I only had a couple of more 9 questions, Mr. Grafton. 10 CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Okay. 11 BY MR. HARVEY: 12 Number 5, "Get the facts about the 13 permit." You did that, correct? 14 Α Yes. 15 Number 8, "Attend the informal hearing." 16 You did that, correct? 17 А Yes. 18 Number 9, "Prepare for the Surface Mine Q 19 Board." You filed an appeal and you're here today 20 raising your complaints about the permit; is that 21 correct? 22 Α Yes. 23 You said in your testimony in response to 24 questions from your attorney that you were confused

1 because the permit changed between the time it was 2 advertised and the informal conference; is that 3 correct? 4 А Yes. 5 0 The permit was downsized, correct? 6 Α Yes. 7 Q Do you have any complaint about it being 8 downsized? 9 Α That's a positive thing. However, it 10 doesn't mean that through a review of it, downsizing, 11 that you would not want to look for other changes to 12 the permit which in looking through an entire permit, 13 as I think you may know, is a timely process to find 14 every document. 15 Okay. The only complaint you made here 16 today other than the timing of the informal conference 17 is about health impacts, correct? 18 Α Correct. But in conjunction with the 19 timing, you know, that comment period does relate to 20 the ability to have an inspection. 21 Q But what about -- if you had more time to 22 review this permit or the permit application as it 23 stands now, what additional health impacts would you 24 raise that you aren't raising here today?

1	A I think without, you know, a visit to the
2	site to fully, you know, assess and collect all of the
3	information, I can't answer that question.
4	Q Okay. So the permit goes from 700 acres
5	to 200 acres, correct?
6	A Uh-huh (affirmative).
7	Q And your only complaint relates to the
8	health impacts of that permit, correct?
9	A We also, you know, made complaints about
10	the reclamation plan.
11	Q Okay. I don't hear you pursuing those
12	here today.
13	A Because the comment period issue is what
14	we're here talking about primarily.
15	Q Okay. But you could have raised those
16	here today, correct?
17	A Yes.
18	Q And, again, you can't tell me how the
19	permit changing from 700 acres to 200 acres would add
20	any additional health impacts of claims that you could
21	bring before this Board here today?
22	A As I said, we would need an inspection
23	which was not granted by the Board for this hearing
24	and also not granted through the informal conference

1 process.

Q What information about health impacts would you learn from an inspection of the property?

A We would go -- I think primarily what I would do is go on site. Although I'm not an expert, we would like to bring an expert on the site. But I think assessing, you know, the wind direction, potentially, you know, where dust could possibly go from the site, you know, and making suggestions, changes to the permit to minimize, you know, those sorts of impacts.

MR. HARVEY: I understand that you are here today to -- scratch that. I think you will have a better witness to testify about that. No further questions of this witness.

MR. RIST: I have a couple. I'm sorry. Go ahead.

CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Does the Board have any questions?

(No response.)

MS. RADCLIFF: I have one question that another Board member does, Counsel. If you look at Mr. Harvey's exhibit, Number 5, did you go to the Raleigh County Courthouse? Is that where you went?

1	THE WITNESS: Yes.
2	MS. RADCLIFF: What did you find there?
3	THE WITNESS: I believe there was some
4	documents stray documents left for the permit, but
5	the complete application from what I could find was
6	not there.
7	MS. RADCLIFF: Was it the original
8	application that you did you go in 2008 when you
9	were giving your comments?
10	THE WITNESS: No. It was the summer of
11	I think it was late July of 2011.
12	MS. RADCLIFF: When you went there?
13	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
14	MS. RADCLIFF: Did you go there before in
15	2008 when you were doing comments to see the
16	application or did someone?
17	THE WITNESS: Someone did, yeah.
18	MS. RADCLIFF: So you don't know whether
19	it had changed from the time you were there in 2008 to
20	when you were there in 2011?
21	THE WITNESS: I mean, I know that it I
22	did know that it changed. I did not know specifically
23	how it changed until I went to the DEP office and
24	reviewed the permit and then I had some sort of idea.

	ii daaraa ka k
1	And I knew that the permit got smaller, but I did not
2	know all of the specific changes.
3	MS. RADCLIFF: The application in the
4	courthouse, did it indicate anywhere in there that it
5	had gone from 700 to 200 acres?
6	THE WITNESS: To the best of my
7	knowledge, no. But what I did actually when I went to
8	the courthouse is that when I had trouble I went on
9	the ERIS permit application page and it said that the
10	application had been removed from the courthouse
11	around 2008.
12	MS. RADCLIFF: But there were materials
13	there when you went in
14	THE WITNESS: There were some, but it was
15	scattered.
16	MS. RADCLIFF: How much information?
17	Describe for me.
18	THE WITNESS: It was like I think I
19	don't know
20	MS. RADCLIFF: Stacks or like disks?
21	THE WITNESS: There were lots of permits
22	and very disorganized and there was I don't know.
23	It was not any updated information. A couple of
24	binders, I think. It's hard to recall.

1	MS. RADCLIFF: Okay. Thank you. Mr.
2	Rist, do you have any redirect?
3	MR. RIST: Yes.
4	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. RIST:
6	Q Just a couple of things because I want to
7	clear up what the record says so our testimony is
8	clear here. Sir, would you look at page 195 of the
9	certified record?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Would you confirm for me on April 10th,
12	2008, the general public notice was is noted in the
13	certified record there?
14	A It is, yes.
15	Q Okay. And would you look at page 196?
16	A Yeah.
17	Q And can you confirm for me that on April
18	22nd, 2008, the DEP received a letter of comment from
19	Matt Noerpel?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Would you confirm for me on page 197 that
22	on 6/19/08 it's noted that that's the end of the
23	comment period?
24	A Yes.

SMB Hearing - 05/09/12 1 0 2 3 4 5 Д Yes. 6 0 7 Α Yes. 8 Q 9 10 11 12 these conferences? 13 Α 14 15 16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Would you also note -- I want to clarify for the record too that on June 23rd of '08 there is a notation on page 197 that says it received a letter of comment from Matt Noerpel on June 19th of '08?

That's all in the record?

All right. One other thing to follow up Let's talk about prejudice for a second. does it harm the citizens living below these permits if it takes three years to get around to doing one of

By the time three years would come around you would, you know, not have as much knowledge about, you know, the permit application necessarily because, you know, it would change and so the citizen has to go back and figure out what changes were made to the permit application.

And, you know, when Coal River Mountain Watch is helping people that, you know, don't have experience with challenging permits, you know, the timeline is something that makes it clear and someone knows what to expect.

> Q Have you seen anything in the West

Virginia Code that talks about prejudice under the section dealing with the time frames for the comment period?

4

A I'm not one hundred percent sure.

Okay. Is it difficult to advise people

5

when they come in to see you -- the citizens of West

7

Virginia when they come in to get help from Coal River

8

Mountain Watch about the -- what to do with permits if it takes three years for the DEP and the coal company

10

to follow the law?

11

A I think it is. However, I think the

12

situation could be remedied if readvertisement

13

occurred under that time frame, you know, before the

14

informal conference so that advertisement, you know,

15

happened and that three-week window to have the

16

informal conference, you know, started over.

is what we suggested through the process.

17

I think that the situation is easily

18

remediable by just opening the informal conference

19

again. Because I understand how the Agency may not be

2021

able to meet the deadline, but I think it could be

remedied quickly by opening the comment period which

22

23

And to be honest, I think that if DEP had

24

done that kind out of our request last summer, we may

1 not be here today.

MR. RIST: No other questions at this time.

MR. JENKINS: I have a couple follow-up questions if I may.

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. JENKINS:

Q Mr. Goodwin, so you -- well, do you know of -- Mr. Rist had asked you whether or not there is nothing of prejudice in the statutes or in the rules. You may not know this. Is there a way for us to issue another comment period three years after the application was administratively complete?

A Yes. You readvertise.

Q But actually aren't we supposed to advertise right after it is administratively complete, not three years later?

A No. I don't think that is necessarily correct. You can advertise, I believe, once it's administratively complete, but I don't believe you're required. You can wait all the way until right before it's technically complete, but I would advise you to ask your staff at the DEP about that.

Q Well, would you agree, then, that if we

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING

۱ ٔ

3

4 5

6 7

8

10 11

12

13 14

16

17

18

15

19202122

23

24

held the informal conference within three weeks of the comment period back in 2008 that we would have followed the law?

A Yes.

Q But now since it took that much time and the permit has changed, would you agree that you're better off commenting and having an informal conference with that new information than on the old information?

A Could you repeat the question?

Q Do you feel that it's better for you to have been able to comment at an informal conference back in 2008 when the permit was 800 and some acres and a few valley fills, or do you feel like that at the informal conference in 2011 after the permit has significantly changed that you had a more knowledgeable input?

A I would say that, you know, that we had different questions at both times because of the changes to the permit. As you're saying, impacts may have been minimized, but we're not of the intimate knowledge that -- of what specific changes had been made to go into the informal conference and provide very clear technical comments, which DEP has indicated

1	to us that is you know what is needed to be, you
2	know, effective in the process.
3	Q But if you had an opportunity to review
4	the permit, how could you not make those comments?
5	A We did not have an on-site inspection and
6	never I don't think ever received a reason why we
7	did not get that inspection.
8	Q So you're saying that you can't make any
9	time of comment unless you have an on-site inspection?
10	A We prefer it and we're given that right
11	under the law.
12	MR. JENKINS: No questions. Thank you.
13	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
13 14	RECROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. HARVEY:

14	BY MR. HARVEY:
14 15	BY MR. HARVEY: Q Mr. Goodwin, when was the informal
14 15 16	BY MR. HARVEY: Q Mr. Goodwin, when was the informal conference?
14 15 16 17	BY MR. HARVEY: Q Mr. Goodwin, when was the informal conference? A I'm not there is a copy of it in the
14 15 16 17	BY MR. HARVEY: Q Mr. Goodwin, when was the informal conference? A I'm not there is a copy of it in the certified record.
14 15 16 17 18	BY MR. HARVEY: Q Mr. Goodwin, when was the informal conference? A I'm not there is a copy of it in the certified record. Q Early August. Does that sound about
14 15 16 17 18 19	BY MR. HARVEY: Q Mr. Goodwin, when was the informal conference? A I'm not there is a copy of it in the certified record. Q Early August. Does that sound about right?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	BY MR. HARVEY: Q Mr. Goodwin, when was the informal conference? A I'm not there is a copy of it in the certified record. Q Early August. Does that sound about right? A Yes.

1	December, I believe.
2	Q Let me help you out. Late November.
3	Does that sound right?
4	A Yeah, around Thanksgiving time.
5	Q Okay. So you had over three months to
6	digest the information you learned in the informal
7	conference about the permit and make any challenges
8	that you wanted to make three months later, correct?
9	A Right.
10	MR. HARVEY: No further questions.
11	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Any other redirect?
12	MR. RIST: No, sir, no other questions.
13	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Call your next
14	witness. You're excused.
15	MR. HUNTER: I have one. Have you had an
16	on-site visit?
17	THE WITNESS: We have not. The Board did
18	give us one nor did DEP in the informal conference
19	process.
20	MR. HUNTER: So at no time before or
21	after the informal conference you weren't allowed to
22	have a site visit?
23	THE WITNESS: No. It was formally
24	requested.

1	MR. HUNTER: In your experience in the
2	past, have you normally been given permission to have
3	site visits?
4	THE WITNESS: Yes. I would say that the
5	Agency has been incredibly good at doing that and, you
6	know, willing to work with as well as, Alpha
7	Natural Resources have been very welcoming to do that,
8	and I think it does very much help the process when
9	that happens.
10	MR. HUNTER: Thank you.
11	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: You're excused.
12	(Witness stood aside.)
13	MR. RIST: Did you mark that document as
14	1?
15	MR. HARVEY: Intervenor's 1.
16	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Next witness?
17	MR. RIST: I call Keith Porterfield.
18	(Witness sworn.)
19	THEREUPON came
20	KEITH PORTERFIELD,
21	called as a witness on behalf of the Appellants, and
22	having been first duly sworn according to law,
23	testified as follows:
24	DIRECT EXAMINATION

	1	BY M	R. RIST:
	2	Q	Good morning, Mr. Porterfield.
	3	А	Good morning, Tom.
	4	Q	How are you today?
	5	А	I'm good. Nice to see you again.
	6	Q	What is your name for the record, sir?
	7	А	I'm Keith Porterfield.
	8	Q	What do you do for a living?
	9	A	I'm the assistant director there at the
	10	Oakhill Regio	nal Office.
	11	Q	And we've talked on the phone before,
	12	haven't we?	
	13	А	We have.
	14	Q	And you're always very pleasant to deal
	15	with and I app	preciate that.
	16	А	The same with you, Tom.
	17	Q	What is your job function with the DEP?
	18	А	I oversee all of the permitting,
	19	enforcement a	nd administration there at the Regional
	20	Office.	
	21	Q	Was this permit that we're dealing with
	22	today, the Co	llins Fork permit, something came through
	23	your office?	
Philadelette and the second	24	A	Yes, sir.

1 That was something that you had a chance 2 to review when it came in back in 2008? 3 Α Tom, I don't actually do the review on 4 the permits. I have staff that -- their expertise --5 0 Right. 6 Α -- it's their job to do that. I more 7 oversee the general administration of the office. 8 Q You were employed at that office in April 9 of 2008? 10 That's correct. Α 11 How long have you been at that office? Q 12 I've been at the office since 2003. Α 13 Let me ask you to maybe cut to the short 0 14 of it, but you heard earlier the stipulation. 15 you agree that the DEP and Alpha failed to follow West 16 Virginia law regarding having the informal conference 17 within three weeks after the end of the comment 18 period? 19 Α Tom, the position we're in -- to answer 20 your question, yes, we did not meet that time frame. 21 I think if you would read in the Code the next 22 statement after that, it actually directs the Agency 23 to make a decision on a -- a final decision on a 24 permit 30 days after you had the informal conference.

So the position the Agency is in, we have to pick our poison. We can try to meet that time frame or we can try to meet the first one. What I'm here to present to you and defend is I think we made a decision that best served the needs of the citizens.

That permit was a large permit with valley fills. It went through massive changes. At one point during the process they were going to reclaim the impoundment there with spoil from the surface mine. That thought changed from the company and then they repositioned the permit again. So it was going through not minor changes, Tom, massive changes, massive changes. The product at the end ultimately was what we ultimately issued that you're appealing here today.

So I would contend that there was no prejudice from our office and our staff towards the citizens.

- Q But as far as following the law, you weren't able to do that?
 - A We were not able to do that.
- Q Would you agree that the DEP -- that part of what the legislature in establishing the Division of Environmental Protection stated that restoring and

23

24

1 protecting the environmental is fundamental to the 2 health and welfare of its citizens? 3 А That's correct. That's 22-1-1, subsection a.1, the first 4 5 thing in the Code book that I'm holding up and showing 6 to you, and I can show it to you. 7 Α Yes, sir. No, that's fine. What section of the permit application 8 0 9 we're dealing with deals with the health and welfare 10 of the individual citizens? 11 А Tom, it's not directly addressed as of 12 today, and we have debated this public health issue 13 extensively. I want you and the Board to know that we 14 have asked for comment from the top to the bottom --15 0 Right. 16 -- on how the Agency today is going to 17 respond to that complaint. 18 And, Tom, as Joe has in his initial 19 statement, we just don't believe today that the Agency 20 has the ability to make an assertion that coal mining 21 is the culprit there. There is no causative action.

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING

1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526
(304) 757-8367

know that it's something that we are concerned about,

but we're not a health agency, we're an environmental

And I would just like for you folks to

1 agency, and we just don't believe we're to the point that we can take an action as far as the Department of 2 Environmental Protection. 3 4 Q Have you ever had the opportunity to read 5 any of the health impact studies? 6 I have read the Hendryx report, yes, sir. 7 0 And are you talking about the Hendryx 8 report that was issued in 2011? 9 Α Now, Tom, I want to clarify, I'm not an 10 expert. Okay? 11 Right. I understand. 12 Α And I've just read the report. I've read 13 it a couple of times when it initially came out, and, 14 of course, I reread it before the hearing. And, you 15 know, it does have the statistical basis that there 16 could be something going on in the coalfields in 17 Central Appalachia. It just doesn't identify the 18 cause. 19 Q Sure. 20 Д And --21 MR. RIST: Let me approach the witness. 22 I only have one copy of this. That's the . . . 23 MR. JENKINS: I'm going to object to the 24 admission of this. I mean, whether or not he's read

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Q

it, he's not an expert. He can't testify on it and to it. He doesn't have the author here to testify to the findings of it. And to put this in the record would be extremely prejudicial to DEP. MR. RIST: And I would just ask to lay some foundation before you rule on that as to whether you can admit it or not, because I haven't asked him any questions other than had he looked at this and read it. I want to make sure this is the right study that we were just talking about. MS. RADCLIFF: You can attempt to lay the foundation recognizing DEP's objection. MR. RIST: Sure. MS. RADCLIFF: We'll deal with that when you try to lay the foundation. MR. HARVEY: And if I may just for the record, I concur and object. It's hearsay. BY MR. RIST: 0 Is that the report you and I were just talking about? Д Yes.

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING 1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526 (304) 757-8367

Cancer Rates in Two Rural Areas of West Virginia With

and Without Mountaintop Coal Mining," correct?

And that's titled, "The Self-reported

1	A Yes.
2	Q Who are the authors of that report?
3	A Michael Hendryx, Leah Wolfe I'm not
4	sure. I might butcher that name, but
5	Q I'll let you try because I don't know.
6	A Juhua Luo and Mr. Bo Webb.
7	Q Bo Webb, who is sitting here today,
8	right?
9	A Yes.
10	Q Okay. So you have at least reviewed that
11	and looked at it?
12	A Yes, sir.
13	MR. RIST: I'm going to mark this as
14	Appellants' Exhibit 1. I'm not going to move for its
15	admission right now, but I think to lay a record of
16	what we were looking at, I would at least ask that
17	this be marked and made a part of the record. So I
18	guess I am asking for it to be admitted.
19	MR. JENKINS: I would still object.
20	That's hearsay. I mean, if Mr. Webb is here and he
21	wants to try to testify to this, then call Mr. Webb,
22	not to try to get it through an non-expert employee.
23	MR. RIST: Sure. Well, I'd like to have
24	it marked as our Exhibit 1, and I will get back to

1	laying the foundation and get it admitted here
2	shortly. Okay? Is there any objection to that?
3	MR. HARVEY: I don't object to it being
4	marked as an exhibit, no.
5	MR. RIST: All right.
6	(WHEREUPON, Appellants' Exhibit Number 1
7	was marked for purposes of identification.)
8	MS. RADCLIFF: So that would be your
9	is it 1 for you?
10	MR. RIST: Yes. And I may have 300 more
11	of them. I don't have anymore questions for this
12	witness. Thank you.
13	MS. RADCLIFF: Do you want to ask your
14	questions now, or do you just want to deal with what's
15	been raised on direct? Sometimes we do that.
16	MR. JENKINS: Right.
17	MS. RADCLIFF: So you're not putting
18	Keith back on and off. It's up to you.
19	MR. JENKINS: I'd prefer to call him
20	after in our case.
21	MS. RADCLIFF: Okay. Do you have any
22	questions for him now?
23	MR. JENKINS: Not at this point, no.
24	MS. RADCLIFF: Mr. Harvey?

1 Just a couple. MR. HARVEY: 2 CROSS-EXAMINATION 3 BY MR. HARVEY: 4 Mr. Porterfield, do the surface mining 0 5 regulations -- let me put it this way. The surface 6 mining regulations do take steps to protect health and 7 safety, correct? For instance, blasting regulations? 8 You need to say "yes" for the --9 Α Well, I'll --10 MR. RIST: I'd object. They have 11 objected saying he's not a health expert and now 12 they're asking him questions about health. So I'm not 13 sure if that's going to continue. There has to be 14 some foundation laid that he can answer that. 15 MR. HARVEY: Let me try it this way. 16 BY MR. HARVEY: 17 Mr. Porterfield, you in your position 18 help enforce the regulations in the West Virginia code 19 and surface mining regulations, correct? 20 Α That's correct. 21 0 You're familiar with those regulations 22 generally? 23 Α Generally, yes. 24 Q Are there regulations dealing with

1	blasting?
2	A Yes, there is.
3	Q And those regulations protect people's
4	health and safety, correct?
5	A As well as property.
6	Q Regulations dealing with wells?
7	Regulations that protect people's well, correct?
8	A The regulations are designed to protect
9	both aquatic and human health. Sometimes aquatic
10	health requires a more stringent parameter than public
11	health. So in that context, yes.
12	Q Regulations that protect water?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Surface water that people may end up
15	drinking?
16	A That's correct.
17	Q Regulations that address wind erosion and
18	airborne contaminants
19	A Yes.
20	Q in the regulations, correct?
21	A That's correct.
22	MR. HARVEY: No further questions at this
23	time.
24	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: The Board have any
71	

questions? Okay.

MR. HUNTER: Within your regional office

| --

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

MR. HUNTER: -- who is responsible for reviewing a permit for health regulations?

THE WITNESS: Mr. Hunter, we don't have an expert that I'm aware of within DEP that would be considered a health expert.

CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Dr. Rauch?

DR. RAUCH: Keith, when it comes to the mining permit, does the company propose to do away with the slurry impoundment? Is that what you said?

THE WITNESS: At one time, Mr. Rauch, they did. That thought changed within the review process. And now there is some spoil material that is placed in the toe area of the impoundment for abuttrice [sic], but the impoundment is going to be left intact.

And, in fact, they have acquired some additional permits in the area. They, in fact, may build -- rebuild a plant, it's my understanding, at some point in time and utilize the impoundment. So it's a viable permit today and it remains.

1	DR. RAUCH: Okay. So the impoundment
2	remains today, then
3	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
4	DR. RAUCH: and it's planned to
5	remain? Thank you.
6	MS. RADCLIFF: Mr. Hunter had a question
7	that he's asking me that I would ask him to ask about
8	the citizen inspection.
9	MR. HUNTER: Do citizens have the right
10	or can a citizen ask for a site visit?
11	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. And it's
12	discretionary. There was some internal debate whether
13	the Agency would conduct those. Here recently,
14	Secretary Huffman has made a decision that we will
15	honor all of those, and we have done that. So but
16	it's not mandatory by law, it's discretionary by the
17	Agency.
18	MR. HUNTER: So in the past
19	THE WITNESS: We typically do.
20	MR. HUNTER: Okay.
21	THE WITNESS: We typically do, but it's
22	discretionary.
23	MR. HUNTER: But in this case it was not
24	permitted or it wasn't

wish I could impress you and tell you I knew all of the details with that. I seem to -- and I don't want to get up here and guess, but apparently it did not happen this time and -- but that -- the truth is saying the world is on fire, so that's -- I'm not sure how we got there.

MR. HUNTER: Another question. If a citizen files a letter with concerns as apparently according to Mr. Goodwin that was done by their organization at least a couple of times back in 2008, and then there are changes in the permit or there is going to be an informal hearing, do you inform the citizens that there have been changes if there is?

of doing that. What I think is lost in all of this though, you know, we have a regional office that is open everyday. Mr. Goodwin frequently comes to our office. We make staff available to assist the citizens. All they have to do, Mr. Hunter, is come by and we pull that entire permit package out and will oftentimes assign staff to answer questions.

So, you know, much as been said about the informal conference, but we're open everyday, everyday

24

that.

1 other than weekends and holidays, and we will assign 2 staff to help people anytime they have a question. 3 anytime they could have come and looked at that permit 4 during the three year period. 5 MR. HUNTER: But it's at the citizen's 6 initiative? You don't inform them of --7 THE WITNESS: No. 8 MR. HUNTER: Okay. 9 THE WITNESS: We don't send -- multiple 10 changes occur on most permits, multiple changes. 11 happens. That's the norm, not the -- you know. 12 rarely get a permit in that doesn't go through 13 I would say I don't ever recall a permit changes. 14 coming in without some changes. 15 MR. HUNTER: Thank you. 16 MR. RIST: A couple of follow-up 17 questions if the Board would allow. 18 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 19 BY MR. RIST: 20 Q Sir, why is it important for citizens to 21 participate and provide comments on these permits? 22 Α Well, I think it's the best product, and

I think what SMCRA envisions is the process allows

1 0 And it's not necessarily written for the 2 company then, right, SMCRA? 3 Α SMCRA is written for all entities in my 4 opinion. 5 Mr. Harvey was asking you about the 6 regulations, whether they -- you know -- asked 7 regulations about blasting, but that's a health issue. 8 Are there any regulations that prevent citizens below 9 these sites from getting cancer? 10 That's not addressed in the application 11 or the regulations as of today, Tom. There is nothing 12 in there specifically concerning cancer in our 13 regulations, not directly. 14 Anything concerning birth defects? 15 Not to my knowledge, Tom. Α 16 But you're telling us today that the DEP Q 17 is looking at all of this health information that's 18 been coming out recently and trying to do something to 19 address that hopefully in the future? 20 Α I'm telling you staff has reviewed these 21 studies and it's the Agency's position today that 22 there is insufficient reporting and science to enact a 23 direct change to our regulations. It does not exist 24 today.

1	Q Who are the staff that are reviewing the
2	studies?
3	A We distribute it and requested comments
4	to all of the regional administrators, as well as
5	Director Clarke Tom Clarke headed that up and we
6	let anybody that had an interest in it, Tom, look at
7	that.
8	Q Is that public information that we can
9	look at, whether the comments were given back?
10	A That I can't answer that question.
11	Q Who were the people specifically in the
12	Oakhill region that looked at the health studies? Was
13	it you?
14	A Actually reviewers actually looked at
15	those and the permit supervisor. Like I said, we
16	distributed it to the other regional office, their
17	permitting staff, as well as our Kanawha City
18	headquarters.
19	Q Have you guys had any communication with
20	the West Virginia DHHR regarding the health impact
21	studies?
22	A Not to my knowledge.
23	Q Do you remember what any of the comments
24	were you guys received?

1	A I do not.
2	MR. RIST: No more questions from me.
3	MR. SMITH: I have one question to ask.
4	I'm trying to remember in my mind exactly how this
5	advertisement works. I get a little bit confused
6	sometimes thinking about it. Now help me clarify.
7	You knew an advertisement and a comment
8	period is required after it's administratively
9	complete; is that right?
10	THE WITNESS: Yes. And that's where they
11	have attempted to answer every question. It doesn't
12	mean that question is right.
13	MR. SMITH: Right.
14	THE WITNESS: But there is something in
15	the application addressing every portion of the
16	permit. It does not mean that we agree with that.
17	MR. SMITH: Right.
18	THE WITNESS: Or that's feasible and that
19	there could be, you know, something wrong with that.
20	MS. RADCLIFF: So it's like every box is
21	checked?
22	THE WITNESS: Every box is checked.
23	MR. SMITH: Just that they have submitted
24	a complete application?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

MR. SMITH: Okay. So then after that sometimes you require readvertisement, right, that they have to -- and what triggers that?

THE WITNESS: A change of ownership will trigger that. I'm trying to think. Property issues where that the property owners may have changed, issues like that would trigger one.

MR. SMITH: But typically the normal technical review of the permit?

THE WITNESS: No.

MR. SMITH: Okay. Is there a notice -after the technical review is complete, is there any
further notice or comment periods that occur after
that? I mean, after you've done the first one,
administrative sort of notice that it's
administratively complete and had a comment period,
and if there are no property owner changes that
require you to do a reissuance, is there another
comment period that occurs before the permit is over,
any other advertisement that has to do with any other
stage?

THE WITNESS: No, sir.

MR. SMITH: That's it.

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING

1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526 (304) 757-8367

1	MR. RIST: No other questions.
2	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: No other questions?
3	(No response.)
4	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Okay. You're excused.
5	MS. RADCLIFF: Actually, I think we will
6	see you later, right?
7	MR. JENKINS: Right for now.
8	(Witness stood aside.)
9	MR. RIST: We call Jack Spadaro.
10	(Witness sworn.)
11	THEREUPON came
12	JACK SPADARO,
13	called as a witness on behalf of the Appellants, and
14	having been first duly sworn according to law,
15	testified as follows:
16	DIRECT EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. RIST:
18	Q State your name for the record, sir.
19	A My name is Jack Spadaro, and it's
20	
	S-p-a-d-a-r-o.
21	S-p-a-d-a-r-o. Q Jack, can you tell us a little bit about
21	Q Jack, can you tell us a little bit about

began my career in the 1960s in -- as a mining engineer trainee and mine safety trainee while I was in college, and that was in 1966. I began working even as -- I was in college -- what was then the U.S. Bureau of Mines that later became the Mine Safety and Health Administration.

And then in the early '70s I worked briefly in the mining industry at underground and surface mines in Fayette County, West Virginia for Allied Chemical Corporation. And then I worked a couple of years teaching at West Virginia University in the School of Mines.

And then in 1972, I was appointed as the staff engineer for the Governor's Commission of Inquiry into the Buffalo Creek flood. Then from '73 until '78, I was the chief of the Coal Refuse and Dam Control Division of the Department of Natural Resources which later became West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection.

And in that job I was responsible for reviewing all of the surface mining permits as well for issues related to earth structures, such as valley fills, dams, backfilling and grading, and the hydrology of the mine, but for surface mines and the

1 |

surface effects of underground mines.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

And then in 1978 I went to work for the federal Office of Surface Mining and I worked on the federal regulations that were later implemented under the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act, which

was later then incorporated into the regulations that were adopted by the State of West Virginia I believe in 1981 which was a similar act to implement the

federal Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act.

Q You're talking about SMCRA?

A Yes.

Q The West Virginia version?

A Yes.

Q You helped write that?

A Well, the regulations are duplicates essentially of the federal regulations that I wrote in the spring and summer of 1978.

Then I worked for 18 years for the Office of Surface Mining as a field supervisor field engineer. I worked both in enforcement and abandoned mine lands and I worked on landslides and coal waste dams and subsidence problems both in enforcement and in designing remedial measures for reclaiming abandoned mine lands.

Then in 1996 I returned to the Mine
Safety and Health Administration and went to the
National Mine Health and Safety Academy in Beckley,
West Virginia where I was deputy superintendent until
1998.

And then from 1998 until 2004, I was the
superintendent of the academy which trained all of the
federal mine health and safety inspectors in the
country.

And I retired in 2004 and since then I've
been a consultant throughout really the whole country,

And I retired in 2004 and since then I've been a consultant throughout really the whole country, but primarily in Appalachia regarding both mine health and safety issues and mining environmental issues specifically dealing with the Surface Mining and Control Reclamation Act and the Mine Safety and Health Act.

Q Have you worked on cases involving questions of compliance with SMCRA?

A Yes.

MR. RIST: I would move to certify Mr. Spadaro as an expert in surface mine safety and compliance with the West Virginia Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Act.

CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Any objections?

1 MR. JENKINS: No objections to the extent that, you know, his expertise is limited to what the 2 3 regulations state as -- you know -- since he's, you 4 know, been dealing with them so long and within his 5 particular expertise which is mining engineering. You 6 know, to the extent he gets into public health and 7 analyzing these studies and everything else, I believe 8 that's well outside the scope of what Mr. Spadaro can 9 testify to. 10 MR. HARVEY: The same concerns here, Mr. 11 Grafton. 12 CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Okay. You will be 13 admitted and we'll consider part of what occurred in 14 the comments. 15 BY MR. RIST: 16 0 Have you been in the room today while 17 everyone has been testifying so far? 18 Α Yes. 19 Were you here when we did our opening 20 statements, as well? 21 Α Yes. 22 Q You heard the issues that the Appellants 23 have brought up regarding the permitting process; is 24 that correct?

1 Α Yes. 2 Q In your expert opinion, Mr. Spadaro, did 3 the DEP and the coal company violate SMCRA in dealing 4 with the informal conference in this case? 5 Д Yes. 6 How is that that they violated SMCRA? 7 Well, they didn't have the informal 8 conference within the required time period in 2008. 9 They essentially cut the citizens out of the decision 10 process, and that's what these regulations were 11 designed to do, and that was to have active citizen 12 participation in the decision process regarding 13 permits, and that's why it was written into both the 14 federal law and regulations and the state law and 15 regulations. And they were excluded for a long period 16 of time as the decisions were being made, and that's 17 really the essence of the violation. 18 I'm not expert on health and I don't 19 expect to talk about any health issues. 20 Q Why does it matter then? 21 Well, it matters --Α 22 Q I mean, what's the prejudice? 23 Α Well, it matters I think as Mr. 24 Porterfield said, it matters because it is important

to have the citizens who live nearby a mining operation to participate actively in the decision process if a permit is being considered because they may be affected by -- I have dealt with instances where there was material damage, for instance, flooding or damage from dust in the air, blasting damage.

Those kinds of things are areas that I have testified about in the case of underground mining and subsidence. So it's important for citizens to be able to participate and I do -- I know it is a discretionary decision, but I do recommend that citizens, if they have genuine concerns, should be allowed to do mine site visits during the decision process.

MR. RIST: Those are the only questions I have at this time.

CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Mr. Jenkins?

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. JENKINS:

Q Mr. Spadaro, can you explain to me how the citizens didn't have an opportunity to comment on this permit?

A Well, they did have an opportunity and

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING

1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526 (304) 757-8367

21

22

23

24

1 they did make comments -- I think there were two 2 letters that were testified about -- but then they 3 weren't allowed to participate in the required 4 informal conference in 2008 when the initial decisions 5 were being made about this permit. 6 And there was a substantial change in the 7 permit between 2008 and 2011, granted it was a 8 reduction in the size of the permit, but that would be 9 a substantial change and that would -- again not 10 negate the right of the citizen to take a good look at 11 what is being proposed and seeing how it would affect 12 the public. 13 Q But after the substantial change was made 14 an informal conference was held, correct? 15 Α Yes. I believe it was in August of 2011, 16 yes. 17 0 So didn't the citizens have an 18 opportunity to comment on the substantial change at 19 that point?

A Yes, I would say then they did. But there was this gap when decisions were being made, when the permit was being reviewed of about three years that the citizens were essentially excluded from.

1	Q And so you're saying because it took
2	three years the citizens were excluded. If we
3	followed I mean, you're an expert in the law here.
4	We should have held the informal conference back in
5	July of 2008, thereabouts, correct?
6	A Yes, yes, that's correct.
7	Q And even if we would have issued the
8	permit in 2011 we would have technically been in
9	compliance with the law with regards to public notice?
10	A If you had had the conference in 2008,
11	yes. July of 2008, yes.
12	Q So couldn't you say then that because
13	they had informal conference after these substantial
14	changes that the citizens had more meaningful
15	knowledge and review of this permit to make comments
16	that were more applicable?
17	A No. I think by that time all of the
18	decisions had been made on the permit and they really
19	hadn't any substantial input.
20	MR. JENKINS: No further questions.
21	MR. HARVEY: No questions.
22	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: The Board?
23	MR. SMITH: Yeah, I have one question.
24	I'm trying to understand what Mr. Jenkins said, and

correct me if I'm understanding this right. If a person proposes an 800-acre permit and then they see that it's administratively right, really nothing technical has been done, they've just proposed we're going to mine this whole mountain, and so they have a 30-day comment period and then they have an informal conference, then basically DEP has complied with the law and the permit can change, if I understand right, in all kinds of ways to turn into a 200-acre permit, or a 900-acre permit, or change valley fills in and out, all of the technical review goes on. The obligation the DEP has to the public has been satisfied already before any of changes are involved.

And I guess my question is -- I mean, I understand the time frame thing. But it seems that the public having -- would want to have this conference, this comment period, at the end of the technical review to see what is really going to be built on that hill, whether it's more than they originally thought at the first 30-day conference or less.

And then I listen to Mr. Porterfield say that public comments are always welcome and that they -- anybody who wants to come over and talk about the

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

permit they're willing to talk about it. So I'm torn a little bit between the fact that they missed the 30-day deadline on one meeting and the fact that apparently there is sort of an open-door policy; people come in and put stuff during this whole three year period. I mean, people can come and evidently some of these folks have and talked to DEP, put in their interests and their concerns, and Mr. Porterfield indicates they're considered.

And then at the end of this whole process, having this public put in their input, even though it may not be statutory but it's there, then at the end of the process they have this conference and there is an opportunity for people I guess just before the thing happens.

Practically speaking doesn't that satisfy the need better than saying, "We're going to build a mine that it's going to take us three years to decide exactly where we're going to build, but you get a chance right now to say something and then your chance is over"? Do you understand what I'm saying?

THE WITNESS: I understand what you're saying.

MR. SMITH: Outside of just the idea

24

whether you actually met the deadline.

THE WITNESS: Right. I understand exactly what you're saying. But my experience actually goes back to even before the Act was passed, the Federal Act that was passed and signed by President Carter, because I rode around in a helicopter with Morris Udall, who is the father of the bill, and Nick Rahall, and one of the things they wanted, and the way they wrote the law and then later the regulations, was to have citizens participating all the way through the decision process.

And what has happened here is that essentially decisions were made over a long period of time where the citizens were really not -- they could come in and review things, but they really weren't part of the decision process.

And had they been engaged in that process earlier on in June or July of 2008, I think that would have satisfied the requirements of the regs and the Act. Even if changes were made that may have been beneficial, they still weren't included -- I don't know whether they were or not. I haven't dealt with that. I've just dealt with the citizen participation issue.

And what has often happened is really all of the major decisions are made before the citizens are actually participating, and that I think really happened here. There were decisions made in that three year interval where no one was really having a chance to have direct input with the decision makers in the form of an informal conference. And that's really I see the great weakness in what happened.

MR. SMITH: I understand. But under the statutory procedure, wasn't their participation at the end of it, after they made their first set of comments? Unless they used Mr. Porterfield's sort of, you know, informal arrangement that he keeps his door open all the time.

THE WITNESS: Right.

MR. SMITH: Because if they use just what's in the law, wouldn't their participation have ended at the very beginning essentially? They put their comments in, they had their informal conference, and then really they're finished, right?

THE WITNESS: Well, no. Then they can go through this process, the hearing process and then litigation.

MR. SMITH: Oh, yeah, that's been taken

1 But I mean in the decision process of the 2 technical review of the permit, which is what you're 3 indicating --4 THE WITNESS: Right. 5 MR. SMITH: -- is the critical thing 6 here, I think. 7 THE WITNESS: Right. But what I'm saying 8 is from June or July of 2008 there were decisions 9 being made apparently in the review process all along 10 and the citizens weren't a part of that. That's what 11 I'm saying. They had nothing that they could really 12 look at to say, "Well, this is the final product that 13 we can comment on," because it was influx and they 14 weren't included. That's all I'm saying. Okay? 15 MR. SMITH: Again, my point is I don't 16 understand how the statutory process includes the more 17 rather than less than the current process. 18 THE WITNESS: Well, it includes them 19 until a final decision is made. It's supposed to. 20 MR. SMITH: It includes them for 30 days, 21 apparently. 22 THE WITNESS: Yes, yes. 23 MR. SMITH: But what about the three 24 years after the 30 days? They don't get to look, do

they, after that?

THE WITNESS: If there is a change in the -- if the permit is changing, yes. And, in fact, if there is a -- you know -- I can't remember what provision it's in, but if there is a substantial change in any permit, we can often ask -- the citizens can often ask for advertisement to be made to advertise the changes in the permit if it's substantial. And when you talk about a difference of hundreds of acres, then it would be a substantial change.

MR. SMITH: But that's the only way, if someone would ask for that?

THE WITNESS: Right.

MR. SMITH: Otherwise, if I'm understanding right, after the first 30 days before the permit is really technically reviewed or changed, or really evolves into this final animal that they're going to approve, after that 30-day comment period there is no involvement statutorily by the folks that are living there except that they move the informal conference to the end of the process --

THE WITNESS: Right.

MR. SMITH: -- and then apparently DEP has

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING

1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526 (304) 757-8367

this open door policy.

But according to law -- what I'm struggling with here is it seems like if you really follow the law, like the Appellants are asking, what we do is we say, "We're going to build a coal mine, you've got 30 days to think about it and give us your comments and then you're done," I mean, basically, if you really follow the law. And all the changes they could have there is no statutory method if we really wanted to follow exactly what the law is for the citizens to be involved.

THE WITNESS: I think you may be right.

MS. RADCLIFF: How do you balance the question between, as Mr. Porterfield talked about, the requirement that they make a decision on the permit 30 days after the informal conference? What is your recollection of that balancing that goes into that?

Do you deny the permit?

THE WITNESS: Theoretically all of the citizens' input, including the comments at the informal conference and so forth, has to be -- should be taken into consideration by the people who are making the decision on the final nature of the permit.

And that's the way I think all of us

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING

1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526
(304) 757-8367

б

	envisioned it when we were writing these regs, that it
	would give, you know, weight to whatever comments were
	raised during the informal conference. And then, of
	course, if there were really serious issues, you can
	have a formal hearing. I mean, you can do that.
	MR. SMITH: Do you question that relating
	to the requirement that the DEP make a decision on a
	permit within 30 days?
	MS. RADCLIFF: After the informal
	conference.
	THE WITNESS: Yeah, they're supposed to.
	MR. SMITH: Actually decide whether
	they're going to get the mine permit. That's
	impossible, isn't it?
	THE WITNESS: Well, that's
	MR. SMITH: That is practically
	impossible.
	THE WITNESS: Yeah, yeah.
	MS. RADCLIFF: The statute says
	MR. SMITH: I understand. But if these
	guys were making decisions on permits within 30 days,
	they would have almost no review of the permit. It
	can't do that.
1	

MS. RADCLIFF:

That's why I'm asking

1.1

about the balance. If you meet the compliance with the argument that's being made -- and I understand the argument and everyone seems to agree that DEP missed the deadline.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

MS. RADCLIFF: If you go with that and you say, "Okay. The informal conference should have been held," but then a decision on the permit isn't made within the 30 days and it goes, as Mr. Smith was saying, three months -- I mean three years --

THE WITNESS: Right.

MS. RADCLIFF: -- and then a decision is made, there is no requirement that there would be any citizen involvement after the informal conference. So how do you see that conflict between the 30 days after --

THE WITNESS: Okay. I see what you're saying.

MS. RADCLIFF: -- 30 days after the informal conference? You know, because in this instance the permit went for 700 acres to 250 acres or something like that.

THE WITNESS: Right.

MS. RADCLIFF: It clearly downsized, but

that couldn't -- that wasn't done in the 30 days after you would have even had the deadline for the informal conference.

THE WITNESS: All right. Here's my point. You had a chance to have an informal conference where people could expand upon the issues that were raised in the comments. That didn't happen. The decisions were being made on the permit where there had not really been any formal -- or informal input in the conference. So how could the decision makers really know exactly what the citizens had concerns about if they hadn't at least had that informal conference?

And so they went on making the decisions, whatever they were, over the next several years, but they didn't get that initial input that they could have had in an informal conference. And that I think then says that they, because they were making the decision without that benefit, they were violating the law. That's they way I see it, you know.

And, you know, I do know that it was a very important part of the way how the Act was written and later adopted by West Virginia. The citizens -- that their input be made eyeball to eyeball with the

1 decision makers in the informal conference before the 2 final decision is made. 3 MS. RADCLIFF: Any follow-up? 4 MR. RIST: No, ma'am. 5 MS. RADCLIFF: Thank you, Mr. Spadaro. 6 MR. JENKINS: I've got one question, if I 7 may. 8 CROSS-EXAMINATION (continuing) 9 BY MR. JENKINS: 10 Mr. Spadaro, you're saying that there was 11 no initial input, but wasn't there a 30-day public 12 comment period? 13 Α Yes. And there were two -- I think two 14 letters that were sent during that 30-day comment 15 period. 16 So even without the informal conference, 0 17 there was an initial input from citizens available? 18 Α Well, from two citizens. 19 informal conference would have allowed more citizens 20 to participate and the concerns could be expanded 21 upon. That's the value of that kind of conference. 22 0 Why would more people get a chance with 23 the informal conference? I mean, isn't informal 24 conferences sometimes limited by venues, by timing,

SMB Hearing - 05/09/12 1 while the public comment period is 30 days and 10,000 2 citizens of West Virginia could send in letters on 3 that comment, but 10,000 people may not be able to fit 4 in a small community center? 5 Α Well, that's true. But, you know, not 6 everybody reads the newspaper, you know, and sees the 7 advertisement. So this expands the participation of 8 citizens. That's what it's intended to do. 9 Well, aren't the informal conferences 10 also advertised in the newspaper? 11 Α Yes. 12 So your same argument that they didn't 13 see the public comment would be the same for the 14 informal conference so they wouldn't show up for the 15 informal conference? 16 Α

Well, what I'm saying is during that 30day period, if citizens have made comments and someone has asked for an informal conference, there is usually the opportunity for more people to participate, and that's really what it's all about.

MR. JENKINS: No further questions.

Thank you, Mr. Spadaro.

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

MR. HARVEY: No questions.

MR. RIST: No follow-up.

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING 1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526 (304) 757-8367

1	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: More questions from
2	the Board?
3	(No response.)
4	MS. RADCLIFF: You're excused.
5	(Witness excused.)
6	MR. RIST: I call Bo Webb.
7	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: Let's take a 15-minute
8	break.
9	(WHEREUPON, a recess was taken.)
10	CHAIRMAN GRAFTON: We're back on the
11	record.
12	(Witness sworn.)
13	MR. RIST: For the record and for
14	clarity, I'm taking back Exhibit 1 that we marked. It
15	wasn't admitted, the health study. I'm going to
16	remove the health impact complaint from our appeal and
17	focus in on the first part of it. Okay? And so we're
18	just going to waive any issues with health impacts to
19	try to clarify this hearing and get to the end of it.
20	MS. RADCLIFF: Okay.
21	(WHEREUPON, Appellants' Exhibit Number 1
22	was withdrawn as an exhibit.)
23	(Witness sworn.)
24	THEREUPON came

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING 1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526 (304) 757-8367

1	BO WEBB,
2	the Appellant herein, called as a witness on his own
3	behalf, and having been first duly sworn according to
4	law, testified as follows:
5	DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	BY MR. RIST:
7	Q Good morning, sir.
8	A Good morning.
9	Q Would you state your name for the record?
10	A My name is Bo Webb.
11	Q Mr. Webb, are you one of the appellants
12	in this case?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Have you been in the hearing room the
15	full time?
16	A Yes, I have.
17	Q For the opening statements, through all
18	of the witnesses?
19	A Yes.
20	Q I want to ask you specifically the one
21	of the issues we're dealing with is regarding the
22	informal conference, correct?
23	A Yes.
24	Q I mean, that is the issue, that's the

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING

1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526 (304) 757-8367

/		
ranna 8 s s s	1	only one we're looking at now, right?
	2	A Yes.
	3	Q Is that a yes?
	4	A Yes.
	5	Q In the testimony of Mr. Porterfield we
	6	were discussing, and Mr. Spadaro, we were discussing
	7	citizen involvement in this process. Do you have any
	8	experience with that?
	9	A Yes.
	10	Q As a citizen?
	11	A Yes, I have.
	12	Q Where do you live?
	13	A I live in an area of Naoma referred to as
	1.4	Peachtree, the hollow.
	15	Q What is the name of the stream that runs
	16	through there?
	17	A Marsh Fork.
	18	Q And that stream empties into the Coal
	19	River, correct?
	20	A Yes, it does.
	21	Q Is your home below Marfork permits?
	22	A It's directly beneath a 2,000 acre
Tel	23	permit.
	24	Q And as a citizen and a person that

1

resides underneath one of these permits, you have experience in dealing with the DEP as a citizen, correct?

4

Ά Yes.

5

All right. Tell us about that.

7

8

6

Well, several times I -- to be specific, one time that absolutely is in the forefront of my mind took place in 2009, what I consider excessive blasting, and I filed a complaint with the blasting

9

10 office here.

Α

11

What's "here" mean?

12

13

14

I filed a complaint and I was told that someone would get back with me, and about three or four days went by and no one got back with me so I called again.

Here at the DEP, here at this location.

Two or three more weeks went by and I

15 16

then I did have a blasting inspector call me back and

17

told me that they were -- would look into it and call

18

me back the following week. That never happened.

20

19

called the blasting chief, Dave Vande Linde or Dave

21

Van Linde. I'm not sure how to pronounce his last

22

And then I got some response from the blasting

23

inspector, but that still took another couple of more weeks.

24

And it was a lady and she told me that --

well, she looked into it and there was no blasting on the day that I filed my complaint. It did come from that mine site above me and I had watched the dust come off the site, the whole bit.

So I then ran into an inspector that inspects that mine and asked him if he would come and take a look at what they were doing there because all of this stuff was coming off the site -- downslope spillage, dust, rock, boulders, flyrock and all of these things -- and he told me no, that he would not walk beneath a blasting site. So it was pretty frustrating.

So I then went to an informal conference that Mr. Porterfield was at, and I got that inspector in front of Mr. Porterfield and asked him to come again, and he said that his knees were bad and he said that he would go to the top of the mine site and look over. So I didn't know -- you know -- what are you going to do? They're not going to do anything, so I started videotaping.

And a couple of more three weeks went by and they were blasting and stuff was going on, so I took the videotape to Washington, D.C., and I went to the federal Office of Surface Mining and I showed

them, and I filed a formal complaint there.

And I get back to West Virginia and about three days later the federal Office of Surface Mining in Beckley contacted me and told me they would be coming down to my house, and they did. They brought the DEP blasting office with them.

And, previously, a couple of three months before that, because of all of the continuous blasting, the DEP told me they would put a seismograph on my property, and they did do that. They never looked at it as far as I knew, but they did put it there, and when they came down with the feds they dug it up. It was full of water. It wasn't sealed properly. It wouldn't read -- it couldn't read it.

So we went up to where I was talking about, right above my house up in the hollow, and the feds saw all of this, and the one gentleman from the federal office, his name was Sam, he traced the boulders that had came down and traced it right back to the mine site and saw where it knocked trees down and all of this stuff. And it landed real near my garden, by the way.

And the short of the story is that the feds then took the DEP to the mine, which was the Ed

White Surface Mine, and looked at their records there, and they did blast on the day that I complained and they blasted the exact time I complained, and they exceeded their blasting limits. So they ended up with four violations.

And they were told that they couldn't blast anymore above my home if the wind direction was coming directly down. We got covered in dust. So it was a normal occurrence which was happening. So they were required to monitor the wind direction.

They were required to videotape the drilling of the holes for the blasting, and they were required to videotape the blasting, and they were told they could not blast there — they could not mine the area again until they cleaned up the downslope spoilage that had come off their mining permit that was all down the valley. And I thought that's really good, and it was good, and it stopped.

And then I saw where they, the company, who was Massey Energy, of course, and it was Alex Energy, had applied for a variance on their permit, a revision to that permit, with the West Virginia Office of DEP to -- and the way it was given -- to blast further, to mine more, to come closer to my home than

1 | they had already been.

And the DEP rationale was that, "Well, they can't get down there to get the spoilage off so we're going to let them blast down to it and they can get the coal on their way."

That didn't make sense that you're, you know, harming -- you're threatening us from there and you want to blast down another two or three hundred feet, whatever it was, a hundred feet. I forget the footage. But you actually want to blast closer to my home to clean up the mess you have created from blasting further from my home.

So that's the results I got with the DEP in that case, and it's still going on, not as bad right now. As a matter of fact, I have contacted the Office of Surface Mine again, the feds again, and I have to go through this whole process that I went through last time in order to get them to stop doing what they're doing right now.

My deck is covered with dust nearly everyday, and it's got glass in it from the sandstone. And it's not everyday, but it's a lot of days, and it's gritty.

And so I called OSM two weeks ago and

1 they told me the process I had to go through, like I 2 did before, but I've been so busy I haven't had time 3 to get to it and hopefully I will get to that next week. 4 5 Let me ask you, Bo, after telling us 6 about that, and the point I think is, are you 7 prejudiced by the DEP for a coal company not following 8 the law as a citizen under a mine? 9 Well, absolutely. Absolutely. A 10 Is it significant to you to be able to 11 attend an informal conference? 12 Α It's hugely significant. Whether that 13 permits grows or decreases, it's significant for a 14 citizen to know what's in that permit. 15 And it's what the law requires, right? 16 Α Yes, it does. 17 Q When Jack was testifying he was being 18 asked about . . . I lost my train of thought, didn't 19 That's what happens when you have a six month old 20 that wakes you up. 21 With the informal conference itself, 22 there was testimony about whether citizens would 23 be . . I'm sorry. Give me a second. I know what it 24 was.

1 Α Good. 2 Q Thank you. You have worked with Coal 3 River Mountain Watch in the past; is that correct? 4 Α Volunteered. 5 0 As a volunteer. All right. And you know 6 Rob; is that right? 7 Α Yes, I do. 8 Q The DEP attorney who was talking with 9 Jack was asking questions about, "Well, there is more 10 participation if you write letters, et cetera, et 11 cetera." Tell me where you live in the Coal River 12 valley. Do you guys get the newspaper regularly? 13 Α No, we don't. Where I live, we don't 14 even get the newspaper in Peachtree. 15 Q Why? 16 Because they can never get anyone on a 17 consistent basis to deliver it, so we don't get it. Ι 18 rely on the DEP's website and I subscribe to those 19 notices. 20 Q Right. What would Coal River Mountain 21 Watch do when one of these informal conferences was 22 scheduled? 23 I've done it many times. Coal River 24 Mountain Watch or someone will find out about the

permit and then when an informal conference is granted, then I have done many times -- years ago I did it a lot -- then I would go up the hollow in Peachtree and Drews Creek and those places and knock on doors, let my neighbors and let the community know that there is going to be an informal conference.

"The mine site is going to expand above your house here. This would be a good opportunity for

"The mine site is going to expand above your house here. This would be a good opportunity for you to come and understand some things about this permit." And we could get people out that way that were not aware.

So that informal conference is vitally important to those people that are not aware that this is going to happen.

And Mr. Porterfield came to our community with some other inspectors and filled the community in on one in particular and we got almost all of those people out by knocking on doors and posting notices up, and that was a few years ago in Drews Creek.

Q So that's citizens of West Virginia relying on an informal conference, then?

- A Yes.
- Q To voice their concern to the DEP?
- A And to learn, and to learn what's going

CHAMBERS COURT REPORTING 1 Woodvale Heights, Hurricane, WV 25526 (304) 757-8367